

Greater China — Week in Review

9 December 2024

Highlights: a shift to prioritize domestic players

Both equity and bond markets rallied last week while RMB recouped most of the intra-week losses. The Shanghai Composite Index climbed back above 3,400, while 10-year yields fell below 2%, driven by rising expectations for increased policy support in 2025. Attention now turns to the Central Economic Working Conference scheduled for December 11–12. As 2025 marks the final year of China's 14th Five-Year Plan, policymakers are expected to intensify efforts to ensure economic stability.

Recent developments suggest China is shifting its focus to prioritize domestic players against the backdrop of uncertain external environment.

Firstly, the Ministry of Finance (MOF) released a draft last Thursday outlining new standards and policies favoring domestic products in government procurement. Under the proposed rules, "Made-in-China" goods will be priced 20% lower than their actual cost for procurement purposes. The MOF emphasized that both domestic and foreign-funded enterprises will be treated equally, provided their products meet the required standards, ensuring fair access to government procurement support.

Secondly, four Chinese industrial associations—representing the telecommunications, digital economy, automotive, and semiconductor sectors—advised their members to be wary of purchasing U.S. chips, citing concerns about their safety. The associations encouraged members to source locally produced alternatives instead.

Thirdly, the Ministry of Commerce announced stricter export controls on dualuse items to the United States. Exports for U.S. military users or military purposes are now prohibited. Additionally, export licenses for items involving gallium, germanium, antimony, and superhard materials will generally not be issued, with stricter end-user and end-use reviews applied to dual-use graphite items.

These measures reflect a strategic push to strengthen domestic industries and reduce reliance on foreign technologies, particularly in light of ongoing geopolitical and economic tensions.

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the State Council have jointly issued the "Opinions on Promoting the Construction of New Urban Infrastructure to Build Resilient Cities," outlining eleven key tasks to accelerate the digital transformation of urban infrastructure. The document emphasizes the integration of digital technologies with urban development, aiming to enhance cities' resilience, sustainability, and overall quality of life.

Tommy Xie DongmingHead of Asia Macro Research *xied@ocbc.com*

Keung Ching (Cindy)
Greater China Economist
cindyckeung@ocbc.com



In November 2024, the People's Bank of China (PBOC) increased its gold reserves by 160,000 ounces, bringing the total to 72.96 million ounces. This marks the first addition since May, following an 18-month streak of consistent purchases. The decision to increase gold holdings, particularly following Trump's recent election victory, reflects the PBOC's proactive approach to safeguarding economic stability amid evolving global conditions.

For this week, other than the Central Economic Working Conference, Chinese Premier Li Qiang will host the "1+10" dialogue today with the heads of 10 leading multinational organizations, including the World Bank, International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Trade Organization (WTO), and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). The dialogue will focus on three key topics: "Seizing Opportunities in Transformation to Promote World Economic Transition and Growth". "Upholding Multilateralism in Advancing Reform and Development of the Global Economic Governance System" and "China's Endeavor to Further Deepen Reform Comprehensively and Break New Ground in Chinese Modernization". China aims to collaborate with these international organizations and like-minded partners to promote a balanced and sustainable recovery of the global economy. The dialogue underscores China's commitment to multilateralism and its role in shaping global economic governance.



Key Developments	
Facts	OCBC Opinions
The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the State Council have jointly issued the "Opinions on Promoting the Construction of New Urban Infrastructure to Build Resilient Cities," outlining eleven key tasks to accelerate the digital transformation of urban infrastructure. The document emphasizes the integration of digital technologies with urban development to enhance cities' resilience, sustainability, and quality of life.	 Key Highlights: Advancement of "5G+Vehicle-to-Everything" (V2X): The initiative aims to facilitate the development of intelligent transportation systems by leveraging 5G networks. This includes the gradual adoption of assisted and autonomous driving technologies to improve transportation efficiency and safety. Development of Digital Homes: The plan prioritizes the creation of digitally connected homes through the establishment of a unified operating system ecosystem. This ecosystem will enable seamless connectivity and resource sharing across devices, enhancing residents' urban living experience. These measures aim to strengthen urban infrastructure, improve public service delivery, and raise the overall quality of life for urban residents. The "Opinions" provide a strategic blueprint for building digitally integrated and resilient cities, aligning with China's broader objectives of sustainable urban development and technological innovation.

Key Economic News		
Facts	OCBC Opinions	
 China's FX reserve in November remained largely flat at US\$3.2658 trillion, up from US\$3.261 trillion. 	In November 2024, the People's Bank of China (PBOC) increased its gold reserves by 160,000 ounces, bringing the total to 72.96 million ounces. This marks the first addition since May, following an 18-month streak of consistent purchases. The decision to increase gold holdings, particularly following Trump's recent election victory, reflects the PBOC's proactive approach to safeguarding economic stability amid evolving global conditions.	



Selena Ling

Head of Research & Strategy lingssselena@ocbc.com

Herbert Wong

Hong Kong & Taiwan Economist <u>herberthtwong@ocbc.com</u>

Jonathan Ng

ASEAN Economist jonathanng4@ocbc.com

FX/Rates Strategy

Frances Cheung, CFA
Head of FX & Rates Strategy
francescheung@ocbc.com

Credit Research

Andrew Wong
Head of Credit Research
wongvkam@ocbc.com

Chin Meng Tee, CFA Credit Research Analyst mengteechin@ocbc.com Tommy Xie Dongming
Head of Asia Macro Research
xied@ocbc.com

Lavanya Venkateswaran Senior ASEAN Economist lavanyavenkateswaran@ocbc.com

Ong Shu Yi ESG Analyst shuviona1@ocbc.com

Christopher Wong
FX Strategist
christopherwonq@ocbc.com

Ezien Hoo, CFA Credit Research Analyst ezienhoo@ocbc.com Keung Ching (Cindy)
Hong Kong & Macau Economist
cindyckeung@ocbc.com

Ahmad A Enver ASEAN Economist ahmad.enver@ocbc.com

Wong Hong Wei, CFA Credit Research Analyst wonghongwei@ocbc.com

This report is solely for information purposes and general circulation only and may not be published, circulated, reproduced or distributed in whole or in part to any other person without our prior written consent. This report should not be construed as an offer or solicitation for the subscription, purchase or sale of the securities/instruments mentioned herein or to participate in any particular trading or investment strategy. Any forecast on the economy, stock market, bond market and economic trends of the markets provided is not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the securities/instruments. Whilst the information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and we have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this report is not untrue or misleading at the time of publication, we cannot guarantee and we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness, and you should not act on it without first independently verifying its contents. The securities/instruments mentioned in this report may not be suitable for investment by all investors. Any opinion or estimate contained in this report is subject to change without notice. We have not given any consideration to and we have not made any investigation of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of the recipient or any class of persons, and accordingly, no warranty whatsoever is given and no liability whatsoever is accepted for any loss arising whether directly or indirectly as a result of the recipient or any class of persons acting on such information or opinion or estimate. This report may cover a wide range of topics and is not intended to be a comprehensive study or to provide any recommendation or advice on personal investing or financial planning. Accordingly, it should not be relied on or treated as a substitute for specific advice concerning individual situations. Please seek advice from a financial adviser regarding the suitability of any investment product taking into account your specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs before you make a commitment to purchase the investment product. In the event that you choose not to seek advice from a financial adviser, you should consider whether the investment product mentioned herein is suitable for you. Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC Bank"), Bank of Singapore Limited ("BOS"), OCBC Investment Research Private Limited ("OIR"), OCBC Securities Private Limited ("OSPL") and their respective related companies, their respective directors and/or employees (collectively "Related Persons") may or might have in the future, interests in the investment products or the issuers mentioned herein. Such interests include effecting transactions in such investment products, and providing broking, investment banking and other financial or securities related services to such issuers as well as other parties generally. OCBC Bank and its Related Persons may also be related to, and receive fees from, providers of such investment products. There may be conflicts of interest between OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL or other members of the OCBC Group and any of the persons or entities mentioned in this report of which OCBC Bank and its analyst(s) are not aware due to OCBC Bank's Chinese Wall arrangement. This report is intended for your sole use and information. By accepting this report, you agree that you shall not share, communicate, distribute, deliver a copy of or otherwise disclose in any way all or any part of this report or any information contained herein (such report, part thereof and information, "Relevant Materials") to any person or entity (including, without limitation, any overseas office, affiliate, parent entity, subsidiary entity or related entity) (any such person or entity, a "Relevant Entity") in breach of any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar. In particular, you agree not to share, communicate, distribute, deliver or otherwise disclose any Relevant Materials to any Relevant Entity that is subject to the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) ("MiFID") and the EU's Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (600/2014) ("MiFIR") (together referred to as "MiFID II"), or any part thereof, as implemented in any jurisdiction. No member of the OCBC Group shall be liable or responsible for the compliance by you or any Relevant Entity with any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar (including, without limitation, MiFID II, as implemented in any jurisdiction).

The information provided herein may contain projections or other forward looking statements regarding future events or future performance of countries, assets, markets or companies. Actual events or results may differ materially. Past performance figures are not necessarily indicative of future or likely performance.



Privileged / confidential information may be contained in this report. If you are not the addressee indicated in the message enclosing the report (or responsible for delivery of the message to such person), you may not copy or deliver the message and/or report to anyone. Opinions, conclusions and other information in this document that do not relate to the official business of OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL and their respective connected and associated corporations shall be understood as neither given nor endorsed.

Co.Reg.no.: 193200032W